Definitions & Concepts to Know:

- **Emigration**: movement of people from one nation to settle into another
  - Ex. European colonists during Age of Exploration and Colonization
- **Immigration**: movement of non-native people into a country or "international or external migration"
  - Ex. African slave immigrants + colonists/settlers into New World
- **Migration**: movement people one place to region within same nation
  - Ex. Manifest Destiny & western settlement 1800s

Learning Concepts:

1. Free & forced migration impacts on N. America + Natives
2. Compare/contrast major waves immigration
3. Significance of immigration policies + continuities/changes in policies
4. Cause/effects of internal migration/westward expansion
AP Concept:

Understanding Migration: *why + how*, international + internal migration, *adaptation + transformation*

**MIG-1.0:**
Explain the causes of migration to colonial North America and, later, the United States, and analyze immigration’s effects on U.S. society.

**MIG-2.0:**
Analyze causes of internal migration and patterns of settlement in what would become the United States, and explain how migration has affected American life.

Example Essay Prompts:
- 1992: Compare and contrast the political and economic debates over American expansionism in 1840s [Manifest Destiny & westward *migration*] with those in the 1890s.
- 1998: Evaluate the impact of technological change, *immigration*, and unionization on the American industrial worker between 1865 and 1900. How did the federal government respond to these changes?
- 1999: Explain the extent to which the lives of the American Indians were impacted by internal *migration* and western settlement from 1865 – 1898.
Early Settlement: pre-1491

1st wave = voluntary Euros + involuntary Africans

- **“Clovis People”:** 13,000 YA, “Archaic” Period 8000 BCE (hunting/gathering nomadic societies following large animals between Asia and North America)
  - Bering Strait land bridge, result of stone tool development, Mongolian stock land-based migrations
  - Settle in S. non-glacial areas + others from sea
- Environmental, climate + animal changes cause 1st Americans to migrate from Asia to Americas:
  - **Central A.:** Mesoamericans, 1st Olmec 1000 BCE
    - Mayans 800 BCE, elaborate irrigation system/tribute system, written language, numerical system, calendar, agricultural chinampas, trade routes
    - Aztecs: Mexica/Tenochtitlán 1300 CE, aqueduct water irrigation, public buildings, organized military/medical system/slave labor, human sacrifice in warfare
  - **Inca (S. A.):** Cuzco, founded by Pachacuti “world shaker”, vertical integration, Great Road for communication, quipu, administrative tribute system
  - **Mound Builders** with Cahokia center 1200 CE (Mississippi & largest N. America civilization) + **Anasazi** Cliff Dwellers (SW/Chaco Canyon, substantial irrigation+pueblos+kivas, cities = trade/religious center)
Only after European horse introduction, buffalo hunting supports large population

- **NE tribes:** hunting/farming combination, exploit land quickly vs permanent settlement
- E.: Woodland Indians greatest resources, hunting/gathering/farming
- Mississippi: linguistic roots, river trading networks, substantial trading settlements

Adapt + transform environments through agri, resource use, social structure

- **Maize** cultivation from Mex. to SW to beyond (most important farm crop) = econ. development, settlement, irrigation, social diversification

- Three-sister farming (corn/maize, beans, squash), hunting/gathering, etc.

- Collapse by European exploration/colonization age = Euros dominate with superior tech, disease, inter-tribal competition
**Routes to a New World**

Using archaeological remains and genetic sequences, researchers are trying to reconstruct how and when modern humans reached the Americas. The debate centres on whether people walked down through central Canada (purple) or skirted the coast in boats (light green).

- **Additional land (21,000 years ago)**
- **Glaciation (21,000 years ago)**
- **Coastal route (20,000 to 15,000 years ago)**
- **Overland route (14,000 years ago)**
- **Possible route from Europe (24,000 to 18,000 years ago)**

**Paisley Caves, Oregon**
- Proposed human bones date to more than 14,000 years ago—clear evidence that people reached America before the time of Clovis hunters.

**Clovis, New Mexico**
- Until recently, many archaeologists agreed that the first Americans were the Clovis people, who used an inland route around 13,100 years ago.

**Monte Verde, Chile**
- Campsite remains suggest that humans lived here 14,600 years ago.
Period 1: 1491-1607

- **Columbus’ 1492 voyage**: TURNING POINT to pre-Columbian America into “New World”, Euros voluntary migrate due to [gold, glory, God]
  - **Causes**: Constantinople 1347 CE collapse/Black Death = population rebound + trade prosperity, navigation/shipbuilding technology increase, merchant class development, new centralized governments (Spain: Isabella & Ferdinand) replacing feudal system
- Euros variety colonization/migration patterns based on imperial goals, cultures, environments, Indian cooperation or competition
  - 1st: **Portuguese** (Brazil), **Prince Henry the Navigator** desirous for Asia passage for Christian kingdom/gold, Cape Verde achieved, Bartolomeu Diaz Cape of Good Hope 1486, de Gama 1497 India, Pedro Cabral 1500 Brazil
  - **Spanish** (S. America + Carib.) **conquistadores** (Cortes 1518 over Aztec, Pizarro over Inca), **settlers** for profitable agriculture, Catholic **missionaries** with military garrisons (Presidios)
    - 1492 Columbus 3 ships (Pinta, Santa Maria, Niña), “Indian” name, divine mission from God belief = Spain more resources to maritime exploration = Magellan into the “Pacific”, Philippines, circumnavigate world, Treaty of Tordesillas 1493
    - 1st era **discovery/exploration** (Columbus), 2nd era **conquest** (disease epidemics) ends 1540s, 3rd 1570s Spanish laws **Ordinances of Discovery** banning brutal military conquest = colonization + missions
- Spanish wealth extraction = subjugation/smallpox decimation Natives, intermarriage = integrated colonial society, Christianity (Lady Guadalupe syncretism)
  - 1598 St. Augustine 1st N. outpost
  - Don Oñate colonize SW by Pueblo 1598; subjugation, Christian suppression, Apache tribe raids, & encomienda = 1680 Pueblo Revolt
    - Leads to intensified Indian assimilation with Catholic rituals + replace encomienda with tribal rituals = New Mexico isolated/stable Spanish Empire outpost
  - 2,000 Spanish vs 30,000 Native ratio, Spanish ranchos for cattle/sheep
  - Viceroyalties, no independent colonial governments, successful surface/mineral wealth, stifled economic development since strict commercial policies = major difference from British/French is Spanish ruled but not peopled (small ruling class)
- W. African trade: forced immigration of African slave trade Middle Passage replacing encomienda, Kongo/Benin/Songhai W. Afro nations devastated, est. slave trade with Middle East though
  - 16th century increase bc sugarcane demand in Med., Carib., Brazil; Portuguese 1st to Dutch to English 18th century
- Racial hierarchy = casta system with mestizo, mulattor, mestizos,
  - Columbian Exchange: plants (crops lead to global pop. increase & Euro. political power increase = empire consolidation), animals (horse, cattle, pigs), disease (measles, smallpox, syphilis), wealth (Spanish silver/power til Spanish Armada 1588)
- Bartolome de las Casa, Pueblo revolt over racial definitions = “racial supremacy” + acculturation resistance (maroons, tribal autonomy, Cajun, voodoo) with syncretism
Slave Trade Volume
1500s

Columbian Exchange
Period 2: 1607-1754

- **Great Anglo Migration**: colonial era 1st wave migration from Great Britain and NW Europe for Americas refuge, 10% in N. America + establish Protestant as dominant culture/religion = intolerant of American Indian cultures, Judaism, Catholicism (Irish)

- **British** dominance E. Coast (13 colonies): family/permanent populations vs. **France** (Canada, Louisiana Territory): hunters, coureurs de bois, trading with Natives
  - **French/Dutch**: few settlers, rely trade alliances + Native intermarriage for diplo/econ relationships = furs to Euro export
    - **French**: Quebec 1st 1608, *Jesuit missionaries, coureurs de bois*, partnership with Indians, alliance with tribes leads to Indian warfare (French ally with Algonquians vs. Mohawks)
    - **Dutch**: Henry Hudson 1609 1st Dutch claim, fur trade in NY, landlord “patroons” = New Netherland colony with New Amsterdam town (weak leadership + diverse pop)
British: seek social mobility/econ prosperity, religious freedom (1517 Protestant Reformation, English Reformation 1529, Puritan Separatists/Pilgrims/William Bradford/Plymouth Plantation, Puritan congregations “covenant”/John Winthrop/”city upon a hill”, Catholics Maryland Calverts), living conditions (Enclosure Mvt., headright system), separate Native societies (plantation model after irish subjugation)

- John Cabot 1497 1st to NE coast under Henry VII for NW Passage
- Economic: More’s Utopia, Enclosure Movement (wool trade growth = evicted tenants + restricted food supply), merchant capitalists want market finished goods out = chartered companies from monarch (Muscovy Co., E. India Co, etc.), mercantilism
  - Hakluyt propagandist for colonization to alleviate poverty and new markets
- Religious: 1517 Protestant Reformation with Martin Luther + Calvinism predestination belief & “elected”, English Reformation 1529 by Henry VIII = Anglican Church/Church of England = “Puritans” want more distinction vs. Puritan Separatists (Pilgrims/Quakers) want schism
- Ireland success: 1560s/70s subjugation, “savage” perception needed to be “civilized”, Sir Humphrey Gilbert + Sir Walter Raleigh use irish experience in New World with “plantation” model or “pale of settlement” with “pure” English culture
- Virginia - Roanoke 1585: Raleigh, Grenville, name “Virginia”, “plantation” nucleus with families, “Croatan”/Lost Colony 1590s disappear
  - Jamestown 1609: Virginia Co. charter from James I 1607, 144 men, “Starving Time” 1609-1610 = John Smith “Work or Starve” motto, De La Warr harsh discipline, 1612 John Rolfe tobacco cultivation in Chesapeake begins, 1618 headright system to attract settlers (encourage families + indentured servants), political rights (representation, self-gvt, 1619 House of Burgesses = 1st elected legislature), 1619 1st African slaves on Dutch ship, suppression of Powhatan Indians = 1622 Indian uprising, 1624 VA Co. charter revoked by James I so royal colony
    - Indian agri tech exchange, differences (“girdling” trees vs. cutting trees), English value corn
    - Suppression Powhatan Indians by Jamestown, Indian fur trade VA but treaty so live on reserves, settlers clearing forests/land clearance/enclose private property/livestock, disease = decimated populations
  - Virginia’s west expansion, 1644 Indian uprising failure = secede huge land to English, English pop doubles because Cromwell’s victory in 1649 English Civil War, Sir William Berkeley tried to limit encroachment Indian land but failed, “backcountry” resentment & indentured servants 1670s = Bacon’s Rebellion 1676 (redefine Indian/white boundaries, W. vs E. colonists, instability of free/landless men) = increased African slave importation
    - Internal Migration: previous indentured servant, propertyless, unemployed turmoil needing W. land
- Maryland 1634: proprietary rule, 1632 Lord Baltimore (father was George Calvert) charter, refuge for English Catholics, 1640 “headright” system for labor shortage, tobacco cultivation with African slaves = Middle Passage 1700s (11 million slaves in total)
  - Maryland Act of Toleration 1648: legislation protecting Christian religious freedom since Lord Baltimore Catholic=haven for Catholics, but Protestant start outnumber and repealed
Powhatan - Anglo Wars
- **New England:** Plymouth 1620, New England (Massachusetts Bay Colony, Great Migration 1634)
  - 1608 Scroobies to Holland, permission from VA Co. to settle + king agree “not molest them” = opening up British America to *religious dissenter* settlement, 1620 Mayflower, *Mayflower Compact 1620*, smallpox epidemic decimate Indians, relationship initially nonviolent since fewer Indians from disease = 1621 1st Thanksgiving, “Plymouth Plantation” w/ William Bradford
  - **Purian Experiment:** Massachusetts Bay Co. charter from Charles I 1629, family migration = *Great Migration 1,000 Puritans 1630* led by John Winthrop from Great Britain to New England with American culture legacy (work ethic, family, education, morality), intolerant other religions, *plantation model* (separate culture from natives = no intermarriage + segregation), theocracy w/ religious leaders governing life, *Congregational Church* w/ own ministers + accept Calvinism predestination, strict patriarchal structure + distribution land equally, little indentured + certain roles in society (more diverse econ) = *more stability* than Middle Colonies
○ Wanted freedom to worship in w/o est. church interference = Winthrop vision of “city upon a hill” & “elect”
○ RI/Roger Williams 1635-36 & Connecticut/Thomas Hooker 1630s expand NE because religious dissent + patriarchal hierarchy land distribution; Wheelwright 1639/New Hampshire + Maine; expand 1st thru church=town center
  ■ Anne Hutchinson 1634 challenge “elect” & differential women role
○ Shifting attitudes from condescending admiration of Indians to “savages” & threat to godly New World Community = civilizing ideal to extermination
  ■ Result: forced migration Natives westward after Pequot War 1637 in Connecticut, 1675 King Philip's War-Wampanoags led by Metacomet/King Philip in CN vs. Massachusett settler intrusion on land (aid from Mohawk + praying Indians)
  ■ Bloody because trade between Indians/whites for flintlock muskets + military tactics
○ Puritan Democracy expanded with “halfway covenant”, social structure strain + pop pressure
○ Salem Witch Trials: 1692 mass hysteria for witchcraft due to strict Puritan beliefs, fear of Satanic influences due to African slave Tituba practices, nativist fears, show Protestant persecution to maintain strict societal structure/order
New Proprietary/Restoration Colonies after English Civil War 1642/Restoration for land profits + promise liberties

- **Carolinas** (Earl Shaftesbury) 1663: want profit from land speculation, incentives for settlement = headright, political freedom, rep assembly, **Fundamental Constitution** for Carolina 1669, separation of “backcountry” N. vs. trade/plantation S. = 1719 separation, S. w/ Barbados influence


- **New Jersey 1702**: Sir George Carteret, Sir John Berkeley, no landowner class, no major port city, religious/ethnic diversity

- **Quakers Pennsylvania/William Penn 1681**: Society of Friends, reject predestination/original sin, “Inner Light”, women equality, most cosmopolitan colony, holy experiment with Philadelphia/”City of Brotherly Love”, cooperation w/ Natives but settler resentment, only 1 house for rep assembly, 1701 **Charter of Liberties**

- **Georgia**: James Oglethorpe “our perpetual dictator” 1732, Spanish border hostilities, *military buffer* after Indian/Spanish raids, 1701 Queen Anne’s War, limited landholdings, no slavery/rum/Indian trade, refuge for debtors, 1750s most regulations lifted by trustees

- **Middle Grounds** with Indian conflict/accommodation, mutually beneficial trade alliances Great Lake Area, shifting balance
1700s English migration decline bc economic conditions bettered but French/German/Swiss/Irish/Welsh/Scottish/Scandinavian immigration increased = most numerous were French Calvinists/Huguenots + German Protestants to Quaker colony (esp after war with King Louis XIV “Sun King” + Scots-Irish major immigration to W. frontier since Catholic (est. Presbyterian as important religion in N. Carolina/PA
- Scots-Irish migration N. America/Westward (Catholic dissent) = increase non-white population 1775 10x pop. of 1700

Free blacks uncertain status but 1700s “slave codes” passed with any African ancestry = African classification
- Stono Rebellion 1739 S. Carolina, slave culture w/ syncretism

Period 3: 1754-1800

- French & Indian War 1756-1763: Ohio Valley shift territories + increase westward expansion by British into frontiers = Native/settler violence for resources/land + resistance
  - Albany Plan 1754 for Iroquois treaty = colonial federation (except GA or Nova Scotia)
  - French offer religious/cultural toleration + Huron/Ohio Valley Indians alliance vs English commercial advantage + Iroquois Confed
  - Ohio Valley Indians devastated bc British victory; Iroquois only slightly better since British ally
  - Peace of Paris 1763: French cede W. Indian Islands + E. Mississippi territories = leads to English reorganization of territory, British impressment/requisition 1757, interference in colonial legislatures

- New Commercial/Political Imperialism: N. America comp for resources/land/boundaries: Proclamation Act 1763 to limit costly interactions w/ Indians, Native alliance shifting
  - John Stuart + Sir William Johnson sympathetic to Natives so better Indian relations on W. frontier after Proclamation
○ **Revolutionary War:** Cherokees led by Dragging Canoe forced flee West 1776, generally weakened since American expected open frontier, Indian raids/divided tribes; Loyalist exodus to Canada opening pol/econ opp; weakening Anglican Church vs. Strengthening Catholic Church
  - “Redcoats” + troop deployment, Boston Massacre 1770
  - **Regulators 1771 (NC), Paxton Boys 1773 (PA)** “backcountry grievances” leading up to war
  - Natives: Iroquois/Mohawk alliance with British (Oneida/Tuscarora with Americans) = many flee to Canada, war increased white demand for W. land, settlers insist on treating Indians as conquered people/*paternalistic* view, increased Native tribe divisions but raids continue
    - *American indep. “greatest blow that could have been dealt us”*
  - Econ Results: American shipping to Carib/S. America, American state increase trade, “homespun” cloth + domestic market vs English imports
Scots-Irish Protestants from N. Ireland for econ opp + escape persecution, after 1840s Potato Famine called themselves Scots-irish to distinguish from Roman Catholic Irish; values = kin loyalty, mistrust gvt, legal strictures, bear arms; limited to opp so into frontier = Indian conflicts + English majority led to rebellion; “rough and tough” stereotype for frontier

- March of Paxton Boys, Whiskey Rebellion PA, Regulator Mvt. VA/MA

Constitution/Natives: not “foreign nations” but legal entities, no rep in govt, not citizens, Indian lands degree of sovereignty in a “nation within a nation” = ongoing process to define

1790 Naturalization Law: limited immigration + naturalization to “free white persons of good character” = beginning of fed immigration policy, excluding non-whites (Indians, indentured, slaves, free blacks, immigrants)

- John Adams Alien and Sedition Act 1798: ability deport aliens/foreigners, lengthened time required for citizenship from 5 to 14 years, showed Federalist distrust for foreigners since British + French Quasi Wars, Jefferson and Madison's Kentucky & VA Resolutions
Period 4: 1800-1848

2nd wave = Protestant Scotch-Irish 1800s + Roman Catholics Irish 1840s/50s (Great Potato Famine) + Germans (political instability)

- **Ohio Valley westward migration** bc **Ordinance of 1784** (10 districts) & **ordinance 1785** (survey/distribute land system w/ Grid), **Northwest Ordinance 1787** (single territory, admitting new states w/ 60,000 min., public ed., freedom of religion/right to trial by jury, private property, ban slavery) & no Constitutional definition Native tribes/rights + westward into **Louisiana Territory** after Pinckney’s Treaty/Louisiana Purchase 1803/Lewis & Clark
  - **Native confrontations:** treaties 1884 cede territory, NW Indian Wars 1790s = Miami Little Turtle Wabash victory but **Battle Fallen Timbers 1794/Treaty Greenville**, Harrison Land Act 1800 (whites easily acquire public land = “Indian Problem” of NW Indiana), Tecumseh + “Prophet” War of 1812 Tippecanoe, expansion slavery opp. (free-soilers + Whigs), Seminole War 1819
  - **Shay’s Rebellion:** 1786 demands for paper money, tax relief, moratorium on debts, state capital to interior, imprisonment for debt abolition = econ turmoil/aggrieved farmers = new, national constitution
  - **Whiskey Rebellion:** farmers refuse pay whiskey tax, strain on W. frontier vs. E. law enforcement/federal govt = Bill Of Rights
2nd Great Awakening: 1784 Methodism by John Wesley spreads to America w/ itinerant preachers throughout US for recruits
- 1801 revivalists Presbyterians at Cane Ridge Kentucky 1st “camp meeting” to “harvest” members, individuals recommit to God/active piety (no predestination), preponderance of women since concentrated pop in E. while men to W.
- black preachers/slave communities 1800 (inspires slave rebellions like Gabriel Prosser)
- Native American revivalists with Handsome Lake return to tradd Indian ways/active Christian conversion/women domestic roles after Presbyterian/Baptist conversions in S. tribes

Louisiana Purchase 1803: 80 million francs for territory, but contested Spanish/French territory, Lewis & Clark Exp. & Zebulon Pike 1805 view W. as uninhabitable desert

War of 1812: 1807 Indian treaties for US right to Michigan/IN/Indiana, Tecumseh & “the Prophet” religious revival/tribal cultures, Battle of Tippecanoe 1811 causes confed disarray, eliminates Indian problem with “factors” supplying tribe
- Hartford Convention: Federalist dissent 1814 + protect NE from S./W. growing influence
- Treaty of Ghent 1814: no more Indian buffer zone in NW, long-term Anglo-Ameri relationship improvement, 1817 Rush-Bagot mutual disarmament Great Lakes, Canadian-Amer boundary “unguarded frontier”
- Native resistance devastated + new white settler drive into W.
Market Rev. early 19th century: import tech advances from England (Slater use English knowledge for spinning mill 1790), Eli Whitney 1793 cotton gin invention = manufacturing cloth industry N. boom + S. agri econ boom, Whitney’s division of labor for sewing machines/clocks/manu goods

- 1811-1818 National Road construction from MA to VA + increasing roads “Turnpike Era 1792 w/ high tolls fostering easier transportation goods/econ growth, Great Lake steam-powered shipping increase w/ Evan’s high-pressure engine & Robert Fulton/Robert Livingston steamboat 1807
  - 1815 Madison veto Calhoun’s internal improvements bill since believe Congress lack authority so state/private carry road construction responsibility
  - foster tremendous westward migration bc E. city pop increase & S. slave econ leave few opportunities available, integrate huge regions in US econ, Factor system eliminates Indian threat, fertile land owned by Ohio & Monongahela R., Erie Canal 1825
  - African slave mvt into SW w/ expansion agri plantation from Old South to Deep South = econ. specialization (Cotton King) + far west trapping/fur trade (John Jacob Astor Fur Co., “mnt men” + Stephen Long’s “Great American Desert” belief 1819 into KS

- Monroe: 1819 Adams-Onís treaty for FL + TX to Spain
- Spanish missionary activity CA/SW with Native labor = social mobility/cultural blending
- US foreign trade + indep. power interests: military action, exploration, diplomatic (Monroe Doctrine)
Andrew Jackson: expanding democracy w/ broadening franchise meant 1st in W. to attract settlers +
drop property/tax paying requirements, 1820s conflict between rich/poor representation = 1821 NY
abolish property qualification, 1840 Dorr Rebellion in RI

- Natives: Worcester v. GA 1832 where tribes sovereign entity/only fed govt take lands,
  expanding tribe rights from state govt but strengthen fed power over tribal affairs under
  Marshall Court (basis of few legal rights of tribes)
  - **Black Hawk War 1831** (now view as “savages” from “noble savages”) result in Sauk/Fox
defeat, Seminole War 1835-1842 only unsuccessful Indian relocation effort
  - **Removal Act 1830** for 5 Civilized Tribes (Cherokee, Creek, Seminole, Chickasaw,
    Choctaw), Trail of Tears 1838 to Indian Territory (Oklahoma, created by Indian
    Intercourse Act 1834) = “reform” reservation idea
  - **Dawes Severalty Act 1887**/Americanization/boarding schools, forced relocations
    Oklahoma, Indian Bureau

- Democrats 1830s: limited govt role, remove obstacles for opp, defending Union, attacking privilege,
  “planter, farmer, mechanic, laboure” society, NE workingmen, S. plantation owners, Irish/German
  Catholics
- Whigs: industrial progress embrace, cautious about W. expansion since instability, favored strong
  govt (like Federalists), NE manufacturers/merchants, W. farmers/commercial class, more
  aristocratic/wealthier backgrounds, Evangelical protestants
  - Triumvirate Henry Clay, Daniel Webster, John Calhoun
- **Distribution Act 1836** for govt surplus to states for highway/canal/rail stimulus = W. expansion
- **Webster-Ashburton Treaty 1842** US-Canada boundary on Maine-New Brunswick boundary
Industrialization + development pre-Civil War = waves of English, Irish, W. Euro immigrations (NY Ellis’ island) to urban N + Americans westward along Ohio/Mississippi, 1830s immigration revived from European warfare period

- **Urbanization 1820-60:** 1 million Euro migrants to NE & few to S., Irish 45% unskilled immigrant laborers (mostly young females) Potato Famine 1845 to E. cities + Germans (20% foreign-born in US) liberal rev. 1848 (family units + some wealth to W. agri frontier) + French, Italian, Scandinavia, Poland, Holland
Result: anti-immigrant nativism = “Know Nothing” Party or Native American Party (1845) (1854 election success) since Protestants fear Catholics [No Irish Need Apply] in 3rd Party system 1854 w/ regional differences [Whigs, Republican Party, Democratic Party], cause Protestant Irish label themselves as Scotch Irish

- “Old Immigrants”: German Protestants (family units, skilled/educated/wealth, into rural/farming, Christmas trees/Kindergarten influence) + Irish Catholics (poor, mostly single women, uneducated, could afford since steam engine improved, into urban = compete for wages) in Antebellum 2nd Wave

- Journalism with Associated Press 1846 contribute to sectionalism, telegraph 1844 Samuel FB Morse communication, expansion of corporations increase induration/market econ, credit obtainment = obstacle econ growth, factory system 1820s, 1st transform shoe industry
- **Factory system** = industrial NE with Whitney’s **interchangeable parts/coat** production increase, Goodyear rubber 1839, Howe sewing machine 1846 + 1830s
  Great lake shipping urban centers (Chicago)
  - Lowell System with single women from rural migration 1830s, decline of paternalistic factory system w/ wage decline/working hr lengthen, esp with immigrant cheap labor force
    - Irish immigrant heavy/unskilled labor on canals/rails, “shanty irish”
      deteriorate NE working conditions since piece rates, de-skilling trend by factory system
  - Urban poor or “paupers’ w/ wealth inequality + free blacks worst off, limited social mobility so geographic mobility extensive to W. uncultivated lands = “safety valve” by Frederick Jackson Turner for social conflict
- **Mechanization of NW Agri Econ**: truck farming to E. cities, no Indian integration into commercial system, specialization of crop for international export since Napoleonic Wars in Euro, increasing W. expansion/forest clearing/timber industry + new tech with McCormick reaper 1834, threshers 1840, 1847 John Deere’s steel plow
  - Rural social life dominated by religion + community town meetings
Antebellum Culture: romanticism in American painting 1820s with Hudson River Valley school (Frederic Church, Thomas Cole) evoke natural environment admiration, nationalistic fervor

- Literature/American Wilderness: Fenimore Cooper “Leatherstocking Tales”, Walt Whitman’s spirit of individualism, Herman Melville’s 1819 Moby Dick (personal fulfillment), S. Romanticism 1830s romanticize S. plantation society with “cavaliers” + chivalry

- Transcendentalists: utopia experiments of Brook Farm 1841 MA by George Ripley with communal labor structure, Robert Owen 1825 New Harmony “Village of Cooperation”, Oneida Community by John Humphrey Noyes for equal gender roles & “free love”, Shakers by Mother Ann Lee 1840s into NE/NW communities rejecting trad sexuality

- Mormons: Antebellum culture 1831 Joseph Smith, 1844 Salt Lake City est. with Brigham Young

- 1840s/50s Indian “reform” approach with reservation idea from relocation, enclosed region for Indian isolation from white society + serve white econ purposes to “uplift” Indian race
Period 5: 1844-1877

- **1840s: Manifest Destiny** westward migration, penny press, “racial purity” + “empire of liberty”, urban growth (booming W. agri econ prosperity along river trading posts + cheaper transportation)
  - Early railroads vs canal increase after Erie success, 1840s rails surpass canals with “trunk lines” linking ports, weaken NW and S relationship since weaken W. dependence on Mississippi, private/local/state govt funding
    - Transcontinental Railroad debate on N or S line + Gadsden Purchase
  - James Polk: Mexican War, Mexican Cession 1848, Treaty Guadalupe Hidalgo 1848, TX annexation, Oregon Compromise 1846 49th parallel, 1849 CA gold rush + Bear Flag Rev. with Kearny/Fremont
    - CA Gold Rush: Antebellum 3rd Wave, international Chinese, Russia, US, Mex, Euro migrants; CA heavily population leading to Spanish/Indian/Mix/Californios displacement + “Chinatowns” (Chinese Exclusion)
    - Mexico encourage American settlers TX, Stephen Austin, Fredonia 1822, San Jacinto 1836, statehood 1844
    - Oregon: British land claim dispute, fur trade, whalling, Catholic missionaries
    - Oregon Trail, California Trail, Santa Fe Trail
Results: slavery debate, native conflicts, racial violence
  - Tallmadge Amendment 1819 (Missouri no slavery), Missouri Compromise 1820, Wilmot Proviso 1846, TX Battle of Indep., Treaty Guadalupe Hidalgo

Compromises: Missouri Compromise 1820, Compromise 1850, Kansas-Nebraska Act/Bleeding Kansas 1854 (Republican party 1854 creation)
  - Pottawatomie Massacre since Missouri into Kansas legalizing slavery vote, 1856 Sumner/Butler caning,
  - “Free-Soil/Free-Labor” & “Slave Power Conspiracy” vs. Pro-Slavery Argument & Calhoun’s “a positive good” * Apologists
  - Dred Scott 1857 decision, Lecompton Constitution 1858 reject
  - John brown’s 1859 Harper Ferry Raid + 1860 Lincoln election = Civil War
  - Increased westward settlement = more territories request statehood so Senate/Congress N. vs. S power balance
Internal Migration: “lower South” to “Deep South” 1860s with cotton gin/short-staple cotton, slave involuntary mvt westward w/ domestic slave trade since international slave trade ban & (Amistad 1839, 1841 Creole)

- Urban slave decline with urban white pop growth after Prosser 1800 & Nat Turner 1831 rebellions, slaves moved into plantations
- Some free black success in New Orleans, Charleston but slave codes/restrictions
- Slave Culture: pidgin, slave spirituals, syncretic religions (with voodoo + polytheistic African religions) & Baptist/Methodist denominations since ban autonomous black churches, slavery expansion paralleled missionary efforts, slave family extensive since separation by slave trade (contribute to post-Civil War internal movts), kinship network
Civil War: W. expansion cont.

- Republican North nationalistic econ legislation, standard gauge for rails, coal production 20% increase, new female gender roles N./S.
- March to the Sea + S. econ devastation = strengthened N. econ + commerce/industry reinforced

- Pacific Railway Act & Transcontinental Rail completed 1867 (Asia trade interests), Morrill Acts, Homestead Acts
- 3.5 million Africans with Emancipation Proclamation 1863, Confiscation Acts 1862 move over border to urban cities + free themselves to form autonomous African communities/mutual-aid societies

- Freedmen’s Bureau 1865: distribution food, est. schools, assistance to poor whites, distribution land
- 1870 Naturalization Act: Radical Reconstruction bc Civil War Amendments for naturalization rights African descent, previously 1790 exclude Africans
Period 6: 1865-1898

- **Reconstruction:** Lincoln’s 10% Plan 1863, Wade-Davis Bill 1864, Johnson’s “Presidential” Reconstruction
  - **Radical/Congressional Reconstruction** response to 1866 Black Codes w/ 1st Civil Rights Act 1866, Joint Committee 14th Amendment (citizenship if born in US), race riots, 3 Reconstruction Bills (5 military zones w/ commander, new state constitutions if enough pop registered to vote, Congress approve + ratify 14th Amendment), 15th Amendment 1870
    - Black “academies” + segregated schools, failed land distribution since S. landowners reclaim distributed land, tenancy, sharecropping, crop-lien system w/new credit system = debt cycle, “convict-lease” system & “chain-gang” system
    - Changing black gender roles + increasing restrictions
    - “carpetbaggers” (during Reconstruction, Northerners to S. for infrastructure) + “sealawags”
  - **Military Reconstruction:** Southern “Redeemer” govts, KKK 1866 by Nathan Bedford Forrest, Enforcement Acts 1870s, “Social Darwinism” created by 1873 Panic so withdraw fed troops from S. + Compromise of 1877 in Hayes vs Tilden
    - “Redeemers” = Bourbon rule in Restoration, new ruling class of merchants, “Readjuster” mvt for state services, industration advocacy by Henry Grady, iron/steel/cloth development + rail growth
    - Poll tax, grandfather clause, KKK intimidation, literary tests, lynchings increase (Ida B. Wells anti-lynching mvt)
    - Cheap labor costs in South so N. Co. begin moving industry/factories to South
    - White supremacy unity
3rd wave: during **Gilded Age** + industrialization 1870s-1890s, “new immigrants” from Asia (china/Japan) to W. beginning 1850s til cut off (Chinese Exclusion Act 1882) vs. S./E. Europeans to E. = pause for WWI but resume 1920s

- Post-Civil War: Gilded Age + industrialization increasing intern. migration
  - **“New Immigrants”:** 3rd wave, E./S/ Euros + Chinese/Asians (**Japanese, Italians, Polish, Czech** with less English, Irish, Germans) for econ opp bc industrialization, generally poor/unskilled
  - N. industrial city (not S. since plantation agri) comp for jobs, racial/nativist fears bc **Anglo Saxon Protestant majority**
SEE-SAW!

Uncle Sam in Hawaii.

THE PROPOSED EMIGRANT DUMPING SITE.

Oriental Exclusion

The same Act which excludes Orientals should open wide the portals of British Columbia to white immigration.
Natives: “Concentration Policy” 1850s, 1851 each tribe own reservation after “treaty chief” cede land

- Taos Rebellion 1847 against US since Hispanic/Indian fear of American domination of NM
- **1867 Indian Peace Commission** est. 2 large Indian Reservations Oklahoma (Indian Territory) & Dakotas, managed by Bureau of Indian Affairs
- Sioux resistance, Sand Creek Massacre 1864, “Indian Hunting”/scalp bounties, Little Bighorn 1876 (Custer vs. Crazy Horse & Sitting Bull), Chief Joseph Nez Percé 1877 almost to Canada, Wounded Knee/Ghost Dance 1890, Jackson’s “A Century of Dishonor”
- **Dawes Severalty Act 1887** eliminate tribe communal land ownership = Indian resistance & sped up by **Burke Act 1906**
- Increased Anglo presence since railroad access 1880s, decimate buffalo, bring ranching/farming/mining
**Enclosure of West:** ranching/agriculture, “cattle kingdom” (range wars, Chisholm Trail 1867-1871), mining (Comstock Lode Nevada 1859), **barbed wire** 1973 by Joseph Glidden/Ellwood, buffalo destruction

- **Transcontinental Railroad:** 1862 Pacific Railway Act with Union & Pacific lines meeting Promontory Point
  - Catalyzed W. enclosure, cattle ranching, reservation system
- Chinese immigration to West “Chinatowns” 1900 antagonism, “foreign miners tax”, Anti-Coolie clubs 1860s + CA Democratic Party 1878 anti-Chinese legislation, **Chinese Exclusion 1882** (undone in 1965 + result in human smuggling) augmented **Homestead Act**, W. part by Chinese & E. part by Irish
  - **1875 Page Act:** banned Chinese immigrants & “undesirables” since considered criminals + women = prostitution, pre-cursor Chinese Exclusion
  - **1888 Scott Act:** prohibited Chinese-Americans from returning US if left country, want reduce Chinese-Amer pop + support ban Chinese emigration
  - **1892 Geary Act:** Chinese-Amer must carry papers or else deported w/o habeas corpus/juries
  - **1898 US v. Wong Kim Ark:** 14th Amendment for citizenship argue US immigration policy denying Asian civil rights + to descendents (results=more rights/privileges)
• **Romance of West:** “Rocky Mt. School” (Albert Bierstadt/Thomas Moran = tourism to W. (esp bc rails) 1880s, Turner’s **Frontier “Thesis” 1893**, myth of Cowboy, Wild West Show, Frederick Remington, Mark Twain Roughing It 1872 about Far West, Smith **Virgin Land**
  ○ Last refuge from constraints of civilization & “frontier” democratizing force, loss of utopia w/ “passing of frontier

• Discovery mineral resources, railroad, govt policy increase **W. econ prosperity** = migrant (Chinese/Scandinavians) populations attracted to self-sufficiency + indep. so comp. for land between whites, **Indians, Mex. Americans**
  ○ **Homestead Act** 1862, Timber Culture Act 1873, Desert Land Act 1877, Timber/Stone Act 1878, Morrill Acts (rail corp fraud)
  ○ econ prosperity attract new Mexican immigrant wave 1900 into SW
  ○ New Mexico/CA/TX Hispanic aristocracy displaced, **Californios/rancheros** lose power

• **Labor:** thousands unemployed = restlessly moving around W. for mining/rail construction jobs, prostitution rampant since gender inequality (esp. Chinese), multiracial workforce stratified along racial lines + arguments non-whites suited for manual labor
  ○ Women earlier right to vote (Wyoming 1st) since “moral” voice argument & significant political presence as ranching more sedentary
  ○ 1887 drought, overproduction agri products + international agri econ = farmer grievances, high freight price/inadequate currency/high interest rates/”middlemen”
Imperialism

- **Justification** by John Burgess arguing Anglo-Saxon + Teutonic duty uplift humanity & Alfred Thayer Mahan *The Influence of Sea Power upon History* 1890 encourage US naval strength buildup

- **Hawaii**: merchants (beginning 1810, missionaries, sugar planters (William Hooper 1830s 1st sugar plantation), devastate native Hawaiian pop + alter culture with firearms/liquor/commercial culture, 1887 US brings in mixed-race workforce to avoid uprisings

- **Cuba**: emigrant presence FL/NYC/PA/Trenton/NJ cause support for **Cuban Revolution** 1898 + war brings African American warn units from W. frontier to South = racial violence + openly challenge segregation (esp since any Cuban revolutionaries were black)

- **Philippines** Annexation Question: **Anti-Imperialist League** fearing “pollution” American pop w/ “inferior” Asians races + flood cheap laborers from new colonies

- American military presence = reorganize schools, infrastructure, admin/financial reforms, public health system in Cuba, Puerto Rico, Alaska, Hawaii, Guam
  - Few Americans moved to colonies but colonies **economically tied** to America (absentee landowners)
Gilded Age: petroleum industry, airplane (Wright 1904 Kitty Hawk) /automobiles (Ford 1896), “Taylorism”, moving assembly line 1914 by Ford, rail expansion (time zones), corporation limited liability, Carnegie steel, Rockefeller Standard oil, Vanderbilt rails, trust agreement/”holding co.”, “self-made” man myth entice immigrants/migrants to city


- Massive immigration + internal migrations 1850s due to mechanization, corporate farms, industrial revolutions, S./E. Europeans supplying industrial labor force 1870s/80s, urbanization, factory system, women opp, city culture

- Railroad co. falsely advertise W. land opp, industrial co recruit immigrants through Contract Labor Law until 1885 repeal, cont. Immigration unskilled through foreign labor brokers (Greek/Italian padrones) = heightened ethnic tensions since Poles/Greeks/French compete w/ British/Irish textile factory laborers, Italians/Slavs/Poles major labor source E. mining, Chinese/Mex compete for mining/factory in W/TX

- Americanization mvt w/ assimilation straining gender relations, forced adaptation diets/wardrobes/language/norms
farmers/rural into cities (mostly young single women + S. black farmers exodus = African American communities) thru new transportation (rails/ocean liners)

- **Grangers**: origins after Civil War, Oliver H. Kelley founder 1867, bring farmers to learn new agri techniques + community feeling, organize cooperatives for farmers to avoid “middlemen” & elect state legislatures in midwestern states

- **Farmers’ Alliance**: 1875 Southern Alliance + Colored Alliance, formed cooperatives & marketing mechanisms, women predominance w/ Mary E. Lease “raise less corn and more hell”, more widespread than Grangers, 1889 S. + NW Alliances merge w/ Ocala FL convention & Ocala Demands

- **Populists or People’s Party 1891**: broad political coalition for farmers, geographically isolated, failed to attract Knights of Labor/labor support except in Rocky Mts. bc “free silver”, **Omaha Platform 1892** (abolition nat banks, absentee land ownership end, direct US senator election, regulation/govt ownership railroads, postal savings bank govt-operated, demonetization silver, system “sub treasuries” for cooperatives for farmers
• Racially defined society/ethnic neighborhoods (Little Italy, Chinatowns), assimilation slows, anti-immigrant sentiment increases due to immigrant waves + low wage threatens unions, tenements, flophouses, “immigrant ghettos”

■ Political machines: urban bosses & “honest graft” w/ “invisible govt”, corrupt individuals buying votes, stuffing ballot boxes, bribes, kickbacks, tax revenue, but could offer city benefits/services/improvements for immigrants in exchange for votes
  - Ex. William Tweed NY Tammany Hall down bc Thomas Nast

■ Nativism: 1882 Chinese Exclusion Act, 1887
  American Protective Association, Immigration Restriction League 1894, “undesirable” restriction but advantages to cheap labor so Cleveland vetoes 1897 immigrant literacy test

■ Settlement House Mvt: 1890 began with populism campaign, fueled by urbanization + immigrant tenements/low wages, aid immigrants with English classes, daycare, job training, child bathing to assimilate into American culture, Jacob Riis photography publicize How the Other Half Live, Hull House 1889 + social work by women advent, Jane Addams, Tweed Ring, “Social Gospel” for urban poor relief, child labor, scabs
Period 7: 1890-1945

○ Progressive Era nativism:
  ■ Gentlemen’s Agreement 1907-Theodore R. negotiate with Japan gvt for Japan restrict immigration flow/passports due to nativist concerns in exchange CA law/San Francisco limit anti-Asian policies/segregation/property limitations
  ■ US trying better Japan-US relation bc econ needed market + cultural diff./US believe superiority
  ■ French Binet Intelligence Test: 1908 intelligence test filter “mentally weak” immigrants at portals (Ellis & Angel Island), nativist fear for uneducated/poor people + underappreciation liberty/republicanism/capitalism
  ■ CA Alien Land Law: 1913 prohibit “aliens” owning land CA; Japanese, Indians, Chinese limited econ opp/naturalization/civil rights
SKYROCKET anti-immigrant WWI (Red Scare 1919 radical bombings = 100% Americanism, anarchists, National. Origins Act + Quota Acts, xenophobia, Sacco & Vanzetti 1920 anarchism charges bc Red Scare + associationalism of foreigners to radicalism)

- **Nativism Before WWI:** Progressives to solve urban problems, American Protective Association = anti-Catholic, Immigration Restriction League 1894
  - **Immigration Act 1917:** Congress pass racial/behavior/mental immigration limitations, banned Asians/”homosexuals”/”idiots”/”beggars”/illiterate = extended ban to Asia/Pacific racial/ethnic groups in “Asiatic Barred Zone” from original Chinese Exclusion, Mexicans ok

- **Nativism During WWI:** anti-foreign fear Irish Catholics, Jews, & German Americans (liberty cabbage), “100% Americanism” by National Security League, assimilation pressures, immigrant lowing wages + unemployment, Red Scare w/ radicalism & immigrant association, race-thinking + eugenics mvt (Madison Grant The Passing of Great Race 1916), Asian prejudice in W. coast
Post-WWI: Emergency Quota Act 1921 (cap of 347,000 immigrants & 2% immigrant consensus) + more restrictive Immigration Restriction Act (Johnson-Reed) 1924 = Nat. Origins Quota Act 1924: National Origins Plan, “quota system” based on Gilded Age #s of 1890s, public opp S./E. Euro immigration & ban all Japanese/Chinese, total quota = 185,000, ceiling on specific nations esp. 1890 census (Italians 1924: 4,000 vs. average 200,000), Filipinos/Mex/Canadians exempt, prevent Asian women join husbands, five colored race divisions (black, mulato, Chinese, Japanese, Indian)

- Challenges to eugenics w/ cultural pluralism
- public backlash against Sacco and Vanzetti executed 1927
- 1920 Alien Land Act VA prohibit alien land rentals
- 1922 Cable Act or Married Women’s Act: women cannot gain citizenship by spouse status
• **Ozawa v. US 1922**: Japanese immigrants were unassimilable aliens & racially ineligible for US citizenship
• **Myer v Nebraska 1923**: SC strike state laws prohibiting only English teachings in school
• **US v. Thind 1923**: SC rule Asian Indian immigrants unassimilable aliens/ racially ineligible
• **Hidemitsu v. US 1925**: SC forbade naturalization of Japanese

Mexican/Hispanic immigration peak 1924, illegal immigration for “stoop labor” in SW agri districts, fastest growing minority in US, barrios, mutual aid societies mutualistas, **Federation Mexican Workers Unions 1928**
• **US Border patrol 1925** est. (head taxes, visa fees, literacy tests, document checks)
• Discrimination + racial stereotyping
• **National Origins Act 1927** w/ new quotas: 150,000 annual limit, exclude Japanese, Euro quotas based on 1920
• **Buck v. Bell 1927**: SC upholds compulsory sterilization “unfit” + used for immigrant populations
• **CA anti-Filipino riots 1929** resulting 1934 legislation eliminate Philippines immigration
Immigration Explorer
Select a foreign-born group to see how they settled across the United States.
- African American migration out of South (Jim Crow, Black Codes, Redeemer Govts, Reconstruction): Great Migration 1914-1915 into industrial/factory jobs due to drafting (companies also actively recruited African laborers) + bring family/relatives
  - WWI more opp opened in industrial north, but discrimination
  - Race Riots St. Louis Illinois 1817/Chicago 1918-19, affluent African-American communities = Red Summer of 1919
  - Increased S. lynchings due to fear for black resistance & armed black veterans (Harlem Hell Fighters or 369th Regiment)
    ○ More likely resist white oppression since Europe no segregation/Jim Crow/segregation & new expectations econ/socia. Opportunity due to WWI industrial jobs
- Harlem Renaissance (Claude McKay “If I Must Die”) for black pride & resistance + Marcus Garvey’s Black Nationalism & UNIA + WEB Dubois advocacy for black civil rights, govt protection, & retaliation w/ NAACP activity
  ○ Change from Booker T Washington’s “cast down your bucket”/ submissive approach
20th century KKK: 1920s peak, *The Birth of a Nation* by Griffith, Hiram Wesley Evans imperial wizard 1922 in “Invisible Empire”, defend American values or “racial purity”, support Prohibition, anti-immigration/racist, oppose Catholics/Jews/non-whites/immigrants, DC march for protection from non-white/non-Protestant
  - Motto “Native, White, Protestant Supremacy”
  - Decline after David Stephenson rape
  - Force in Democratic Party in Midwest

US. v. Bhagat Singh Thind: 1923, SC rule deny citizenship Thind (Indian Sikh), *Nat. Law 1906* gives whites/African descent naturalize, Thind argue Indians = Aryans, Aryan racial theory discredited, Indians still excluded
  - Econ prosperity: immigrants welcomed for labor vs. Depressions (1893, Great Depression, *Mexican Repatriation*): nativism increases
**Great Depression:**

- Unemployed men **roaming from city to city on freight lines** = family unit instability & informal family breakups, birth/marriage rate decline

- **African Americans increasingly leave South** in large #s since most were farmers (sharecroppers), some to South urban areas but unemployed whites 1st claim jobs, before Depression ½ live in South
  - urban N. less blatant discrimination but segregation/disenfranchisement = **Scottsboro** case 1931: 8 black teen arrested for vagrancy/disorder, NAACP (new role in leading black organizations by opening black positions in labor mvt w/ Congress of Industrial Organizations & International Labor Defense assistance to teens
  - Unemployed whites displace Africans in menial/domestic jobs + Black Shirts 1830s Atlanta calling for white employment

- **Hoovervilles** outlying cities + makeshift shacks + homeless Americans move throughout city/between cities for work

- **Asian Americans:** competition for low-paying jobs w/ white migrant workers in Great Plains, professionals encouraged assimilation for more “American”, rarely left Asian community = no jobs available, Japanese Democratic Clubs organized to protect from racial/discrimination
- **Dust Bowl**: westward migration, 1930s, Okies (families of South that move to CA/other states) wander town to town = agri migrants
  - “Discovery” of rural poverty, Federal Security Admin photograph farm families, Steinbeck’s “Grapes of Wrath” for CA migrant/worker plight, Erskine Caldwell’s Tobacco Road for S. slavery
- **Mexicans** seasonal migrant workers + agricultural contracts revoked in SW/Pacific Coast; arbitrarily removed from country by officials through removal from relief rolls/across border
- 500,000 **Chicanos** leave for Mexico in Depression since relf programs exclude, no school access, hospital refusal
- **Mexican Repatriation**: 1929 reduce Mexico/L. America population in US by massive deportations to reduce job comp with Great Depression onset = specifically target Hispanics from before where exempted (400,000 to 2 million deported)
- Middle class **migrated to suburbs** (automobiles, transportation, urban leisure/vacations, paid vacation employee benefits, children develop own social lives = indep youth culture, factory pollution/urban congestion, affluence, Levittown)
New Deal:

- Africans: “Black Cabinet”, reinforced discrimination w/ Civilian Conservation Corps separate black camps, NRA codes tolerated unequal pay, TVA exclude employment, Federal Housing Admin refuse mortgage, WPA relegated blacks/Hispanics/Asians to low-paying.

- Natives: John Collier cultural relativism/wanted trad Native ways return, **Indian Reorganization Act 1934**-tribes collectively own land legal again, young Native Americans leave reservations for more opp in cities
**WWII Prosperity:** immigration into US + internal migration increase due to labor work change (Mexicans into labor, Natives out of reservations, women/family dislocations, Chinese quota removed, Japanese internments)

- **Anti-Semitism** 1942/refuse Holocaust refugees: Allied bombers refuse destroy concentration camps in Europe, refuse *St. Louis* ship w/ 1,000 escaped German Jews, 90% quota untouched

- Gvt sponsor **Western/Southern** investment = CA aircraft & shipbuilding; “Sunbelt” (FL/SE, TX/SW, CA) importance  
  - esp New Deal programs: West development since farming main industry, dams/power stations mainly in West w/ Grand Coulee Dam Columbia R. & **South poverty attention** = TVA, **Rural Electrification Administration 1935**, “the nation’s #1 economic problem” + racism/segregation

- Prosperity leads to social mobility & migration middle class to suburbs

- **African Americans** are largest migrant group to cities (rural S. to industrial) in larger migration than Great Migration  
  - **FEPC** 1941 (Fair Employment Practices Employment Commission) discrimination investigation program est after A. Randolph of Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters insist gvt defense contracts to integrate workforce w/ march to DC  
  - racial violence (Detroit) + urban tensions + econ opp. so **CORE** 1942 (Congress of Racial Equality) redouble efforts against segregation/discrimination = sit-ins, demonstrations
- **Natives:** exodus from reservations to military factories, material capitalist desires, many assimilated/non-Indian remained in cities while others driven from work by returning soldiers post-war, wartime unity undermined tribal autonomy
  - Indian migration off reservations into cities
  - 1946 “assimilation” federal policy & eliminate reservation system pressures

- **Mexican Americans:** 2nd largest migrant group into American city
  - **Bracero Program 1942:** agreement bet US & Mexico for contract laborers w/ limited time in US as laborers & SW employers actively recruit Mexicans
  - street gangs= **pachucos,** “zoot-suit” riots (4-day LA) 1943
Ethnic tensions less than WWI but exist = blur ethnic divisions mostly: propaganda against political systems not people/ethnicities = tolerance of diversity

- **Exception: Japanese** internment/animosity heighten post-Pearl Harbor, Japanese Americans + Issei (1st generation un-naturalized immigrants) targets of racial animosity, so “foreign” never “real” Americans, FDR executive order **1942 War Relocation Authority WRA** “intern” to “relocation center” in “interior” (mnts + internment camps to “Americanize”)

- 1943 Japanese began leaving to college/factory jobs East

- **Korematsu v. U.S. 1944**: US apologize, $20,000 per internee

- 1945: many **allowed to return to West Coast** but property gone, cont. harassment, 1988 challenge for compensation for losses = reparations

- **Chinese Exclusion Acts** repealed 1943 + new 105 people annually quota w/ substantial women entry; Chinese descent allowed to be citizens, propaganda decreased Chinese racial animosity + may to war plants & leave Chinatowns bc labor shortages = positive image
Period 8 and 9 1945-present

- Post war optimism with economic growth
  - America’s economic becomes a pull effect for immigration from other countries
    - But continued anti immigrant standpoints
- Also past war there was the suburbanization of the 1950s with people again moving to the edges of cities
- Mccarran Walter Act 1952 modified the quota system
  - Congress restrict immigration targeting suspected communists.
- End of bracero (day laborer) program in California, 1964
- Increasing social mobility lead more middle class people to move to the suburbs and south and west
  - Sun belt region grew
- Southwest and west continued to grow stronger as more people moved there after 1980
• **Indians:**
  o 1953 2 “termination” laws outlawing tribal legal entities = now subject to local jurisdiction + Indian assimilation effort,
  o **A.I.M occupation Alcatraz** = militant American Indians claim island with symbolic protest for racial discrimination for disenfranchised (CA Hispanics) since migration whites into Indian lands = American Indian Mvt demand land returned
  o **US. V Wheeler**: 1978, tribes legal autonomous, SC confirms tribes legal standing so cannot be “terminated”
  o **County of Oneida v. Oneida Indian Nation**: 1985, Indian land claims to NY land from treaties supported
1965 Immigration Act under Lyndon B Johnson removed quotas from European countries even if continued strict limitations on numbers in general.

More immigrants from Asia and Latin America creating an important work force.

Increased debates over immigration policy diversity and more.
  - Modern anti-immigrant sentiment is not often linked to fears of terrorism.

Cesar Chavez & U.F.W.
  - Got better working rights for Hispanics and migrant workers in California.

Lasting race tensions from the great migrations and other migrations.
  - The Watts riots in 1965 Los Angeles in response to police brutality.

Agin in 1992 Los Angeles riots in response to acquittal of white police officers who had beaten a black man.
• Passage of new immigration laws in 1965 lead to even more immigrants seeking entrance to the United States
  ○ 1665 Immigration Act under Lyndon B Johnson removed quotas
    ■ Once banned and limited groups such as Chinese, Japanese, and Indians could not come in large groups
• Other immigration acts
  ○ 1986 Immigration Reform and Control Act
    ■ Forced employers to know their employees' states and not hire illegal immigrants
    ■ Did allow illegal immigrants who came before Jan 1, 1982 and went through the presses
  ○ 1990 Immigration Act
    ■ Made it easier for highly skilled immigrants to come into the U.S
  ○ Illegal Immigration Reform Act 1996
    ■ Increased money for border patrol and easier to deport
    ■ Increasing fear of immigrants and the “browning of America”
  ○ 2000 Legal Immigration and Family Equity Act
    ■ Trying to decrease the undocumented aliens
    ■ Encouraged them to get visas
  ○ Dream Act
    ■ Paved the way for children brought here illegally as a child to get citizenship
• 9/11
  ○ Huge part of new anti immigrant sentiment
Explain the impact of European exploration and settlement in North America from 1607 through 1763 on native populations, the global economy, and the development of colonial identity.

Compare and contrast the political, economic, and cultural arguments for westward expansion in the 1840s and 1850s to arguments in the 1890s and early 1900’s regarding overseas expansion.

To what extent did federal policies regarding immigration and nativist sentiments among the American people in the 20th century maintain continuity and foster change in United States demographics and national identity?
Terms to know

Colonial Era first wave

- **Great anglo migration**: protestant first wave from england and northwestern Europe
- **Puritans**
- **Maryland act of toleration**: your fine if you believe jesus is the son of god (1649)
- **Salem witch trials**

Revolutionary era and early republic second wave

- **Scotch irish**: Protestant immigrants from ireland and lead many frontier conflicts
- **1790 U.S Naturalization Law**: limited immigration and naturalization to white people of good character
Antebellum era second wave
- **Know nothing party**
- **“Old Immigrants”:** People who had come over between 1790s and 1890s mostly Anglo

Antebellum era Third Wave
- **California gold rush**

Civil War Third Wave
- **Transcontinental railroad**

Gold Rush through Gilded Age Third Wave
- **New Immigrants:** People who came over because of industrialization for the most part more southern and eastern Europeans and then the Japanese, Chinese, and Mexican

Reconstruction third Wave
- **1870 Naturalization Act:** Extended naturalization to African Americans
Gilded age third wave
- **1875 page act**: Banded undesirable chinese from immigrating
- **Chinese exclusion Act 1882**
- **1888 scott act**: Chinese americans could not come back if they left
- **1892 Geary Act**: Chinese americans had to carry papers
- **1898 United States v. Wong Kim Ark**: Argued based off the 14 amendment that all citizens born in the united states were citizen
- **Political Machines**

Progressive Era Third wage
- **Settlement house movement**
- **Gentlemen's agreement 1907**: A agreement between Theodore Roosevelt and Japan's government over immigration concerns
- **Goddard uses French Binet Intelligence Test**: 1908 used on Ellis and Angel Island
- **California Alien Land Law of 1913**: Immigrants could not own land in california
- **Immigration Act of 1917**: bared more people from immigrating such as asians, beggars the insane, ect
Roaring Twenties Third Wave

- 20th century KKK
- (Emergency Quota Act) Immigration Restriction Act of 1921 and the National Origins Quota Act of 1924
- United States v. Bhagat Singh Thind, 1923: Determined that Indians were not white and would still be considered Asian

Great Depression Third Wave

- Mexican Repatriation: In 1929 it began deporting recent Mexican immigrants to deter Mexican immigration

WWII Third Wave

- Japanese Internment & Korematsu v. U.S.
- Zoot Suit riots: Riots in LA between sailors and Hispanic gang members

1950’s Third Wave

- McCarran Walter Act: Restricted immigration especially of suspected Communists
Modern times 1960s Fourth Wave

- **End of bracero (day laborer) program in California, 1964:** This had began in ww2 to fill our labor shortages
- **Immigration act of 1965:** Removed quotes from European countries
- **Watts riot:** Los Angeles race riot

Modern times 1970s Fourth Wave

- **A.I.M. occupation of Alcatraz:** Symbolic protest were american indians took over alcatraz

Modern times Regen Era Fourth wave

- **1986 Immigration Reform and Control Act:** Allowed illegal immigrants to become citizens under some circumstances but had to be very americanized
Modern Era Fourth wave

- **1990 immigration act**: made it easier for highly skilled immigrants to come
- **1992 Los Angeles Riot**: Rodney king riot - after white police officers were acquitted for beating a black man while trying to arrest him. 53 killed
- **Proposition 187**: not passed but proposed to exclude illegal immigrants from schools and emergency care
- Illegal immigration reform act: federal funding to border protection and esser to deport people
- **Dot-com boom**: needed more specialized skills so unskilled immigrants being displaced
- **2000 Legal Immigration and Family Equity Act**: encouraged illegal aliens to obtain visas or to be sponsored for citizenship; effort to decrease undocumented aliens
- **9/11**
- **Dreamer Act**: for children brought here illegally to gain citizenship